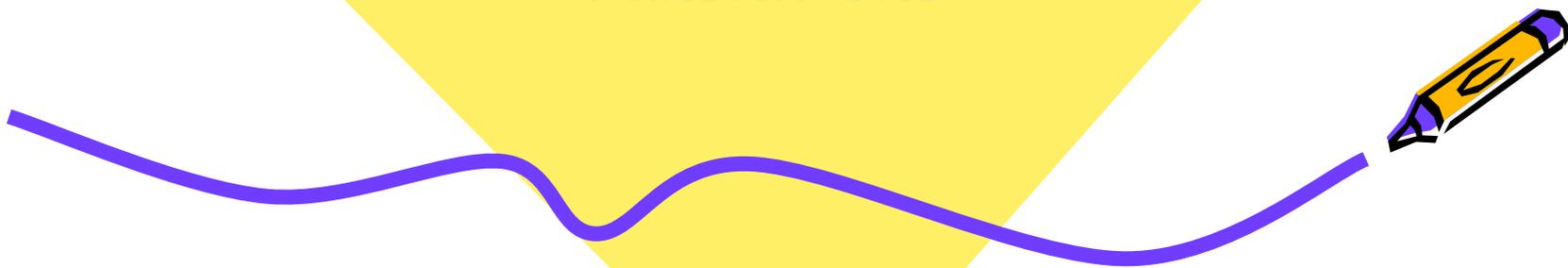


Geometry

Translations



Vocabulary



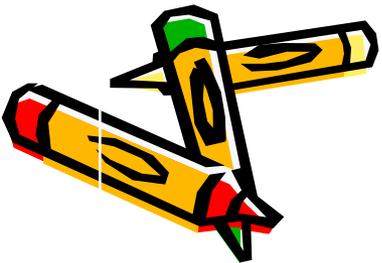
Transformation

A function that moves or changes a figure in some way to produce a new image.

The images are commonly referred to using the terms such as pre-image, image, or post-image.

Prime Notation

P' (P prime) refers to point P after the transformation. P' is the result of applying a transformation rule to point P . P'' is the result of transforming P' , and so on. Sometimes exponential notation is used as well (P^3 , P^4 , etc.)



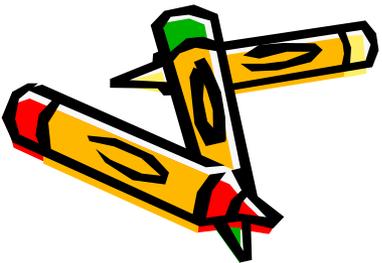
Vocabulary

Composition

When two or more transformations are combined in a specific order.

Rigid Motion

Any transformation that maintains congruence.



Translation

Translation

Previously referred to as a 'slide'.

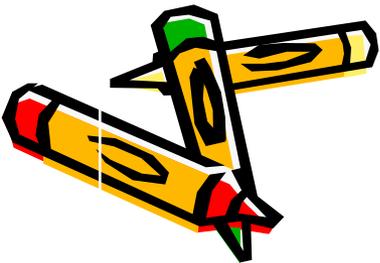
A Translation moves every point of a figure the same distance and direction.

Notation examples to translate an image 2 units right and 4 units up:

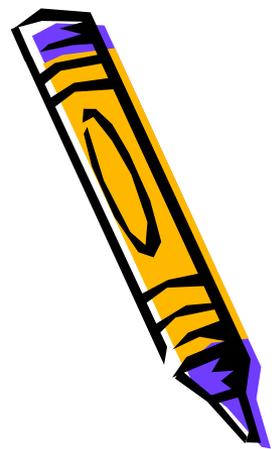
Map/rule: $(x, y) \rightarrow (x+2, y+4)$

Vector: $\langle 2, 4 \rangle$

Vector notation indicates direction and magnitude of both the x and y components.

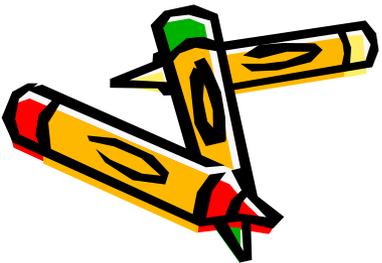


Translation



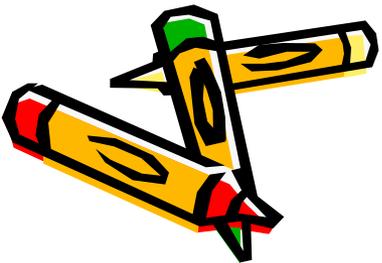
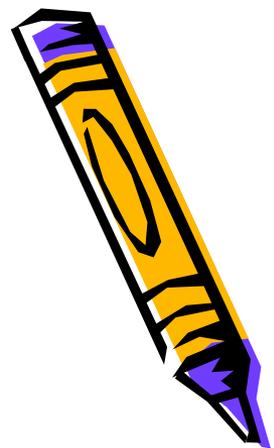
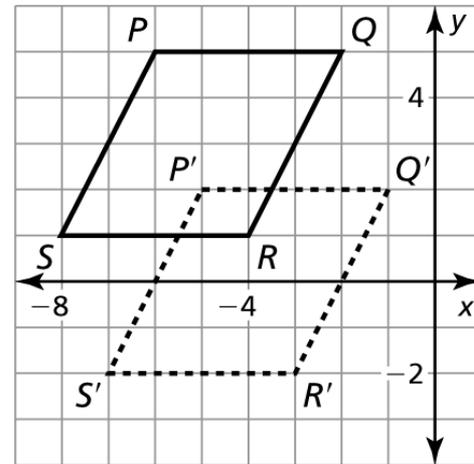
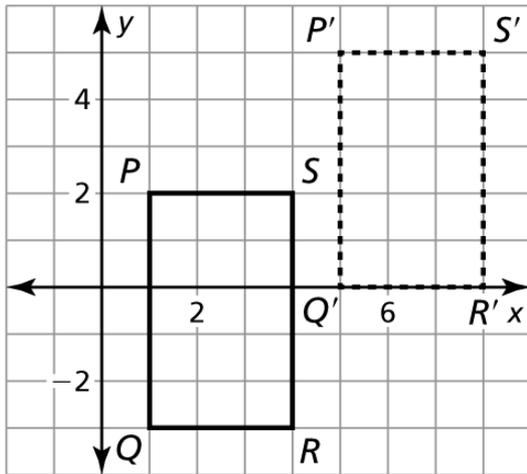
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=j87gj_KH9pA

Animated video about Translations



Translation

Write a rule for the translation of quadrilateral PQRS to quadrilateral P'Q'R'S'

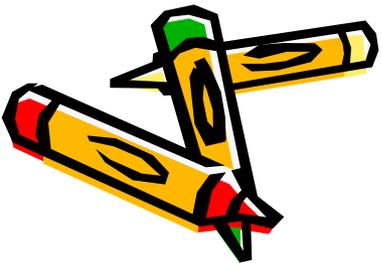
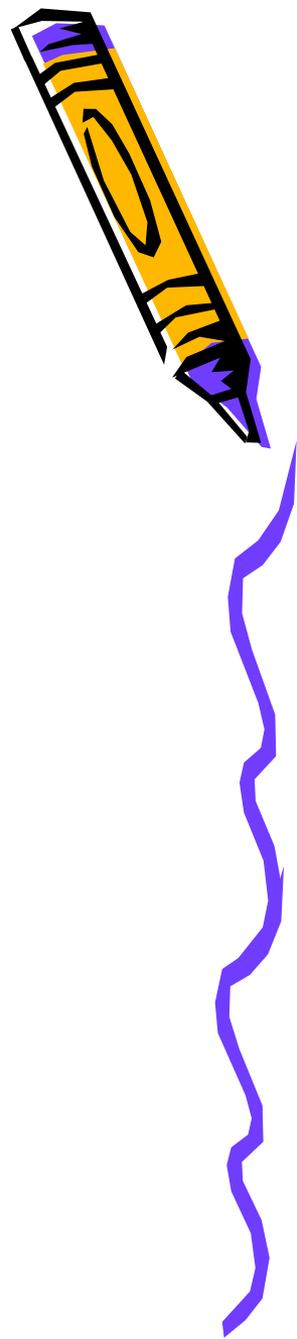


Translation

Use the translation: $(x, y) \rightarrow (x + 6, y - 3)$

What is the post-image of $J(4, 5)$?

What is the pre-image of $R'(0, -5)$?



Translation

The vertices of $\triangle ABC$ are $A(1, 2)$, $B(5, 1)$, $C(5, 4)$
Translate $\triangle ABC$ using the given vector $\langle -2, -4 \rangle$.
Graph $\triangle ABC$ and its image.
(Note the scale on the coordinate plane below.)

